

General Wood's Daughter an Accomplished Rider

WASHINGTON.—She hoped to go to France with her father, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, former chief of the army staff. Now that he is not, his charming daughter, Louisita Wood, is a very much disappointed young woman.

Athletic, fond of all sorts of outor sumpture, Miss Wood, when she was twelve years old, set a record for long-distance riding for girls. In October in 1913 she galloped into Fort Myer, Va., with her father and Col. H. C. Hieston at the end of the last 45-mile dash of a 90-mile ride. Ever since she has set the pace in hard and longdistance riding for girls. Miss Wood is about eighteen years old.

From the time she could walk Louisita has been a rider. She learned horsemanship from the troopers at Fort Myer and soon became as proficien

a rider as any of them. Always a favorite with the men, she grew up spending half her time

around the stables, never so happy as when with the horses. From her father she inherits a naturally robust physique, for General Wood even today is a powerful man, and in his youth was one of the finest all-round athletes in the army.

That first long ride she undertook when a twelve-year-old girl was when her father and Colonel Hieston were obliged to ride that distance in compliance with army regulation to the effect that such a trip be made by officers once a year in the army test.

It has been indicated that Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, who has been left without a permanent command since he was denied overseas service. might command the American forces. Although only a major general and manked by March and Pershing, who have the rank of general by brevet, General Wood is by seniority the ranking general officer of the United States army. If chosen to lead the American force he might, as a matter of courtesy, be given supreme command of the expedition.

One Man Who Might Have Evaded His Military Duty

OST chords a-plenty, but how about lost questionnaires? Ever since the war department made the questionnaire well known to 10,000,000 young men and all their parents and friends there has been wonder on the part of

some as to whether one of those millions of documents might get lost some



Each of the approximately 5,000 local boards of the nation guards its questionnaires with its life, of course but since local boards are composed of human beings, and since even the greatest of human beings is not perfect, well-why say more?

I have at last heard of a lost ques

Right here in Washington, too. It seems that a certain registrant left the city and was working on necesary government work in a nearby community. The work he was engaged in re him good ground for deferred classification.

But he got tired of the work and came back to the national capital. He secured himself a position in the fire department, I am told, and the very first day meandered down to his local board to ask about his standing in the

It may as well be stated right here that this man was willing to go to camp any time called upon.

His local board members and the clerical force began to hunt up his questionnaire. But they widn't find it high or low. Tunire was lost, that was all.

"We wouldn't have known we had you on the rolls," said a member. But, now that you're here, we'll send you to camp tomorrow."

Ever Hear of a Sparrow That Had Sense of Gratitude?

THE sparrow that adopted a man also may be added to your list of worthies. This natural biplane, being but a few weeks old, had his motor go back on him one day in a downtown street and fell into the gutter. A kind man saw the fall and hurried to the scene

of the disaster. The little sparrow winked his bright eyes, and growled in pain. Didn't you ever hear a sparrow grow!? No? Well, what has that got to do with the story, anyway? While you are thinking up the answers to these three questions let us follow the man and the sparrow.

The man picked up the half-starved little fellow and carried him to his He took him to his room and fed him bread crumbs soaked in milk.

Soon the sparrow revived. He grew fat. In four days he could fly around the room at a lively rate.

"You are old enough now to take to your elemental heath," said the man. But the sparrow would not leave him.

The bird insisted on perching on his shoulder and even wanted to travel down to the office that way.

In order to escape from him the man had to suddenly dart from the room and close the door with speed.

The last I heard of the sparrow he was sitting out in a tree waiting for his master to come home.

Hezekiah Got Some Satisfaction for His Beating

LONG time ago in a turpentine camp in the South, Lloyd Jackson and A Hezekiah Brown had a falling out. The scrap was never settled because Hez got cold feet and ran away. Several weeks ago Lloyd got wind of the fact that Hez was in town working on

a government building. He snooped around the man for a few days—but Hez always had a stick or something in his hand and

Lloyd was afraid to tackle him. Thursday evening while the parade was going on, Lloyd detailed his girl, Ann Crump, to lure Hez within strik-

ing distance. Hez was bound to fall for this and he did. Anne was only a few minstes in persuading Hes to leave the

browd he was with and follow her. She lured him into a house in southwest Washington and whispered some poisonous language in his ears. And when was sure that he had no gun or razor on him, she gave Lloyd the signal. He came in from a back room and jumped on Hez and almost beat him

The woman disappeared, otherwise Hez would have had her arrested also. Because he was mad about the way in which he had been trapped.

However, the court avenged him. Lloyd got 60 days—and if Anne ever shows up she will get hers, too.

"MOLLY WELLINGTON."

"Cluck, cluck, cluck, I am Molly

"And why are you so proud of being Molly Wellington?" asked Miss Gray Hen. "My dear Miss Hen, you are not

nearly as clever as you should be." "Perhaps not," said Miss Gray Hen. I don't suppose anyone or any creature is as clever as possible. And I am quite sure I'm not, but then I don't mind. I'm happy, cluck, cluck, and it's far better to be happy than it is to be clever. A creature may be clever and very unhappy. I've often

known that to be the case." "Perhaps," said Molly Wellington, but then a creature may be clever and happy, too. Isn't that perfect?"

"That would be nice, I admit," said Miss Gray Hen.

Wellington, "and my name is fine, too, Isn't it?"

"I suppose it's all right, as names go," said Miss Gray Hen.

"What do you mean by saying that my name is all right as names go? That shows you are even more stupid than I thought."

"Why?" asked Miss Gray Hen.

"Because names don't go," said Molly Wellington. "Names haven't legs and feet with which to walk and run and play. Names are quiet thingsthey are simply names.'

"That's bright, indeed," said Miss Gray Hen, smiling in her funny hen way, "but I never for a moment said that names were not names. Of course they are. I'm bright enough to know

"But you said that you supposed my name was all right as names went, and I am trying to correct you from saying anything so incorrect again."

"My dear Molly Wellington, you of the fine name," said Miss Gray Hen, "I didn't mean that names went running around in circles, or along driveways, or through fields. I meant that as a saying. I meant that your name



"Now Smile."

was all right, but that I didn't think any name was so very important, nor so very wonderful."

"Oh, that is what you meant then," said Molly Wellington. "And you didn't mean that you thought names ran and walked?"

"Of course not," said Miss Gray

"Well, even if you don't think much of names, won't you admit that mine is very nice and fancy?"

"Oh, I suppose so," said Miss Gray Hen. "But Molly Wellington, even if names don't go running or walking around-and I have never thought that they did-still names do belong to people and the people run and walk around. You have a name and you don't stay so still, and so I was really being far brighter than I thought."

"Cluck, cluck, you're such a stupid hen after all," said Molly Wellington. "I thank you, cluck cluck, I thank you," said Miss Gray Hen.

"I can't help being proud," said Molly Wellington, "as I have just had a very great compliment paid to me. I am not just one hen in the world, or the barnyard. I'm a very fine, exceptionally fine hen. I'm the greatest hen In the world."

"Dear me, dear me, cluck, cluck, cluck," said Miss Gray Hen. "Never have I heard of such conceit."

"It's not conceit," said Molly Wellington, "it's pride."

"Oh, all right," said Miss Gray Hen. "You see," said Molly Wellington, Tve always thought I had a pretty nice name for a ben. It always made me feel like doing my duty and workhad really done so much and had become so famous.

"This morning the master brought out a big silver cup and put it beside me. It was a cup I had won for my master because of my splendid work. It was marked with my name and his name, and it was a magnificent cup. Then a man with a big camera came and took our pictures-mine and the cup. It was a fine picture. I stood so straight, and looked the man right In the eye when he said,

"'Look just here, now smile!" "And then I heard the master may that I was the champion egg layer of the whole wide world. My record has been to have laid three hundred and twenty-five eggs in the last year, and that's the world's record. So I'm Mol-Wellington, a world champlon,

cluck, cluck,"

DRAINAGE AND PURE WATER

Two Essentials for the Wellbeing of Every Town, and All Too Often Neglected.

In the majority of towns there are now efficient drainage and sewerage systems, and proper means of disposal. There are yet many towns without an efficient system. Many large country villages also have no system, and the conditions are most unsatisfactory. These places do not bother about it; they seem content to go on in their own "sweet way." They will not hear of any scheme. Those responsible look upon themselves as economists; yet their economy is but false, and their interest a "pocket one," the welfare and wellbeing of the people being the last considera-"That is what I am," said Molly tion. A pure and efficient water supply is another essential for all places, yet we have many small towns and villages without it. Water is taken from defective and impure sources, while wells are close to cesspools and drainage from cattle yards, and other fouled surfaces have access to them. This is often due to the faulty con struction of the well or cesspool. What appears to have happened is this-two holes were dug, and lined with dry-laid bricks, one being called the well and the other the cesspool. Can we wonder at disease being rampant? We also find the water supply taken from an open pond, full of mud and growth, and often a drain pipe discharging its contents into it. Many small towns and villages view with disfavor and are up in arms if an efficient system of sewers, sewage disposal, or water supply is suggested. They will tell you that their arrangements have sufficed for the past and no ill results have occurred; the inhabitants, they say, live as long as they like; and yet facts prove otherwise. In places where proper systems have been installed the death rate is lowered, infantile mortality reduced, infectious disease eradicated, or nearly so, and the general health bettered.-From the Architect and Contract Reporter.

TREES GIVEN PROPER CARE

Massachusetts Municipalities Praised by Writer in National Municipal Review for Good Work

Springfield, Mass., is a striking eximple of the fine results of a municipality making it its business to care for its trees. Walk up State street from Main. Note the majestic elms on this broad highway. As you pass the intersecting streets, look north and south on each and see, as far as eye can reach to left and right, the towering rows of lofty trees waving their green tops in the breeze, the sun glinting through the verdant roof that forms an arch high up above the road.

The like amplitude of stately old trees, some of them of century age, adorns all the older residence districts of Springfield; while "on the hill" where the city is spreading toward the east the newly opened streets are gloand young are thriving. No tree that is dead, or unsightly past remedy, is allowed to stand. The city takes it down forthwith. The most sedulous care is bestowed on all trees, whether old or young. All this, remember, by the municipality itself, through its city forester. Appropriations for tree work are generous. The like policy prevails, and the like results are manifest, in nearly all the municipalities of Massachusetta. - National Municipal Review.

Keep Money in Town. Plant your town so as to discourage the movement of the people into outside uncontrolled areas for purposes of buying supplies, so that the man who wants your people's trade must establish his store on your land and come with his family and clerks to live in your town. Make it, in other words, a self-contained and self-sufficient town by every legitimate device. If possible, make shopping attractive by the provision of a good store center, lights, areades, etc., so as to draw trade from the neighboring vilinges and farms. Your commercial values will be your "velvet" and you can make your Main street frontages worth

Sensitive Instrumenta.

\$500 a front foot.

roadside groupings.

There are instruments made by the hands of men which surpass the eye ing. But I never knew before that I in keenness and rival the nose. The spectroscope is generally considered one of the most perfect instruments. It will detect the presence of onehundred-millionth of an ounce of sodium. The electroscope, however, is more than a million times more sensitive than the spectroscope, and will a chance to learn at the earliest time detect one thirty-five-thousan Camp Zacnary 1 ay art are taus Bouth of an ounce of radium, qs been in the employ art are taus distant.

> be used where stateliness any. mality need emphasis. This is r curved or winding streets or roac As the latter are necessarily int they are always best planted



Cross Bulletin issued at Washington, no place at present for persons with-

lam of Red Cross nurses under fire: "Private A. C. McLeod, the first his life, he believes, to the Red Cross service except upon the explicit undernurse who stuck by him in the shattered ward, and saw that he had any and all times to undertake any prompt surgical attention. Two of the nurses were wounded by the same bomb that hurt Mr. McLeod, but the rest of the women, it was stated, were as cool as the men. Here is his own by the war council, no person shall be story in which it will be noticed the sent to service with the Red Cross

"'Our hospital, a British-American of using the results of such inspection one in Flanders, was bombed the night for lecture or literary material." of September 4, last. I was working in this hospital, at which I had been assigned to the transportation section. The patients who could do so went to the bomb-proof cellar when the air raid shape, to be thrown gracefully over the opened, but there were a number of soldiers so badly wounded that they quite open over the face and hat, could not be moved. A number of grows finer at the bottom of the vell, nurses stayed with the soldiers, and I and a sprawling flower design is wovremained to help.

and exploded nearby. It pretty nearly cleaned out the hospital. My legs were smashed to a pulp and I was raving with pain. I won't describe the scene about me, for that would be too herstuck to me and saw that I had prompt attention, and I probably owe my life to the immediate amputation which was ordered. The bombing of this hospital cost one nurse an eye, and another a foot. The rest of the nurses can Red Cross in France."

Here is something from the Central Division Bulletin, published at Chicago. which needs to be considered just now:

Willing Workers Only. tions respecting transportation, hous-

In its issue of July 8, 1918, the Ited | that the war countries of Europe are has the following account of the hero- out definite business of actual value to

war or war relief work. "The war council of the American American soldier to be wounded in Red Cross announces that "the Red France, was hurt when the Germans Cross commissions abroad do not debombed a Red Cross hospital. He owes sire any person to enter into foreign standing that they shall be ready at service and in any place, subject to the control and direction of the Red Cross officials under whom they are serving; and that, until further order Red Cross nurse is given the principal abroad for the purpose merely of in-place: specting the work, with the intention

White Silk Vella.

Pure silk vells in white, rather cearse mesh, come in large rectangular brim of summer sailors; the mesh, en into this finer mesh. These white "'Suddenly, a bomb made a direct hit silk veils give a dressy effect to the sport or semisport costume, and they, are very graceful, floating about in a summer breeze. Best of all, they may, be washed in soap and water and dried in one's room overnight. If pinned out rible. A nurse stayed by my side. She while damp over a pillow they require no ironing.

White Stock Favored.

For, although the colored organdie collar-and-cuff set prevails, it is not the only type of neckwear in vogue were as cool as the men. I can't say at present. Very different from it. too much for the work of the Ameri- but equally popular, perhaps, is the severe, high, white stock now in fashion. This stock is made from heavy material-usually linen or duck; it is uncomfortably high, and is fitted with two strips at the back which are to "The growing seriousness of condi- be brought around to the front, looped tions respecting transportation, hous-over once and field in place with a ing, et cetera, prompt the suggestion stick pin or snapper.

Equipped for Beach and Swimming

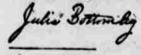


Little children take to the water | many others when the beaches are like ducklings and ought to be given a chance to learn to swim, wherever their lot may be cast. This is an essential part of their education and might well be a part of public school instruction, as gymnastics are, since safety and assurance and pleasure in the water in after life depend upon it. Some youngsters learn so early that they hardly remember the time. Boys, who like to travel in gangs, shift for themselves if there is any water in walking distance that will give them a chance for water sports, and teach one another how to swim, often by herole methods. Girls make fine swimmers, and certainly ought to be given

millionth of a millionth of a tern Union Telegraph chial school knit-gramme! The bolometer will return Union Telegraph chial school knit-the heat of a candle a mile and shoma and Texas, and many sect white Where Palms Should Be Place n a visit he got the whose live a litting whose where stately plants and it to obtain a transfer whose live a litting used where stately plants and it obtain a transfer whose live a litting w

crowded, as well as keep the hair dry. Many of the suits are blue, with ands in white and in strong colors Bright green, banded with white, and bright orange banded with black are favorites this season. With these usu-ally there are rubber caps to match, made in many ways, so that watching mothers may easily keep an eye on the particular head that is her care. Most youngsters are barefooted un-

less the beach is rocky, in which case soft cloth shoes protect them. Some suits are provided with a knitted sash. matching its border in color, and finished with yarn tassels, but it is mere ly for ornament and not needed. It is a pretty embellishment, however, that gives tone to the plain little suit, an may be gathered from the picture.



Creating Space.

By creating legitimate places for possessions that otherwise would be out of place one can gain an effect of Caps spaciousness and order, and give even small city quarters the capacity to hold a great deal without seeming crowded.